

Pat and Catherine Waite's Home at R.H.2. Wallacetown.



Photo taken  
by  
Helen VanBrekht  
fall of 1988.

This home on the farm of Pat and Kay Waite is situated on Lot 16, Concession 11 and 12, very close to Lake Erie and is about one mile south of the main Lake Road.

On this farm there used to be a low lying peninsula on which there was a wild plum grove and that is how Plum Point got its name. About 1907, the Bessemer sand and this grove was washed away during a fierce storm. For many years, a fishery operated at Plum Point which was on part of this farm. Harry Dromgoole was the operator. In later years the fishery was moved to the neighboring farm of Charles Ford.

Around 1870 to 1880 the land was owned by Dougall Campbell who also owned other lands in the area. In 1897 the farm was bought by John Halpin and 1932 it passed to his son Andrew James Halpin. In 1953 it was sold to Pat and Catherine Waite. They had four daughters and one son who have all been educated and moved away.

This farm contains 100 acres and Pat owns and works two other farms in the neighboring community.

The home has had many improvements and renovations done over the years, as Pat is a carpenter as well as a farmer.

Dave and Joy Westlaken Home at R#1. Hallaceton



Reprint  
from  
a picture  
in the  
Glen  
Farmer.  
Spring 1988.

This farm is located on Lot 5 and 6, Con. 8 Dunimar, on the south side of Highway 3, about one mile west of Cynex Corners. Most of the land in this area was sold by Colonel Talbot to George M. Galt and then in 1866 Angus Brown is mentioned and 1878 Harry and Eliza Garbutt owned some of the farms in this area. In 1886 Lemuel and Mary Sefton bought the acreage east of this farm on the corner. In 1888 John Telford owned Lot 5 and 6 and he built the house which stands now. It is a two and a half storey yellow brick house. Little has been changed in the Victorian charm found within the house which features numerous extras. The interior boasts detailed wainscoting in the dining room, done in a penelling effect with each panel featuring mitred angled boards.

A sliding set of doublewood doors leads from the dining room into the living room which has high baseboard trim.

Delicate stained glass is featured in both the living and dining room windows. Colored glass is also found in the extra front window. The foyer staircase has a unique newel post and two landings.

This property was once the site of a brick factory. The house and many in the neighborhood are made with the slightly larger and narrower brick. A slight design variation was placed in the front windows to add a note of interest. The exterior also features fish scaling along the top of the second story.

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The farm contains 65 acres and in 1910 it was owned by Joseph and Elizabeth Vanning; in 1944 Gordon and Kathleen Ford became the owners. In 1962 Cornelius and Frances Kingwood bought the property. They erected several greenhouses and went into market gardening. In 1983 it was sold to Dave and Joy Westlaken who still operate the market gardening aspect of the farm.

## Home of John Finlayson

This farm is situated on  
Conc. 9 Lot 17.

In March 1889 Joshua  
Bobier and family bought land  
from William Lodge.

1893 - John Bobier (another of  
Joshua's sons) bought what is  
now Finlayson's.



Pictured to the left: Henry and Mary Catherine Bobier's 50th Anniversary in 1944. They were married Dec. 21, 1893



Photo taken by Helen Van Buren Spring 1991.

Pictured to the right: Finlayson home built by the Bobiers.

1914 - Henry Bobier bought his brother John's farm and John moved to Delaware Township.

1949 - John W. Bobier took over the farm after his father's death.

1973 - John W. Bobier sold to Roy Pederson

1987 - Roy Pederson sold to John Finlaysons.

This farm is situated on 9<sup>th</sup> Con Lot  
17 of Dunwich Township.

John Finlayson home  
as it appeared before the  
porch was removed.

In March 1889 Joshua Boliet bought land from William Lodge, this house was built by the Bolies in 1893 John Boliet to Henry Boliet John H. Boliet to Roy Pederson. Over the last ten years have had numerous owners.



The R.E. Swallowell Home



Photo taken  
by  
Helen Van Breuk  
Spring 1991

Located on Conc. 10, Lot 18

House was built in 1876 by John Bobier.

James Small who married Mary Campbell bought the farm in 1882. Clarence Small was raised there where he lived until his retirement.

In 1964 he moved to Wallacetown after selling the farm to Harry Wood.

In 1986 the farm was sold to R. E. Swallowell.

## Gordon Bedford Home



Photo taken  
by  
Helen Van Buren  
1991  
Spring

Situated on Conc. 9 Lot 17 & 18

In March 1889 Joshua Bobier & Family bought land from William Lodge.

In 1893, Edward Bobier (Joshua's son) bought the farm. Edward and John Bobier built the present houses at the same time.

In 1927 - Edward Bobier sold his farm to Ezra Bedford and moved to Dutton to what is now the main house of the Bobier Convalescent Home.

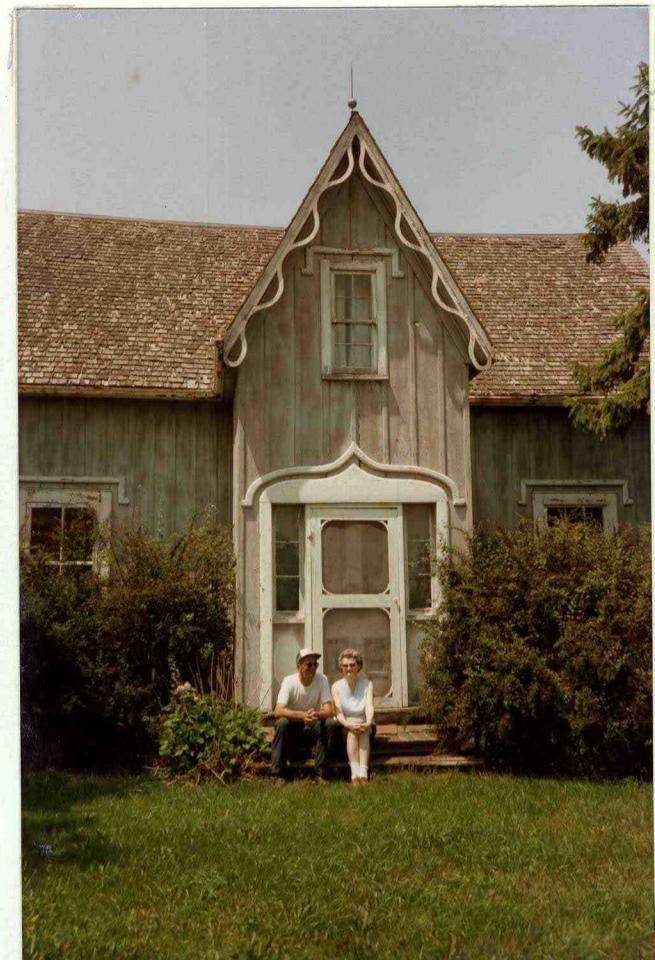
In 1941 - Ezra Bedford died and his wife Annie Pearl Bedford took over the farm.

In 1982 - Annie Pearl Bedford died and her son Gordon Bedford has the farm.

## Douglas Simpson Farm



Home built for John E. Pearce in 1914



Original home built in the 1850's

This farm is south of Wallacetown being parts of Lots 10 & 11, Conc. 9, Dunwich, being part of the lands originally granted to Colonel Talbot by the crown.

In 1864 John Pearce obtained this land from Colonel Talbot.

In 1871 - 142 acres of this farm was sold by John Pearce to Thomas L. Pearce.

In Jan. 1879 the remaining 57 acres was bought from John Pearce by Thomas L. Pearce.

In Dec. 1914 - 157 acres was sold by Thomas L. Pearce to his son John E. Pearce.

In 1920 John E. Pearce purchased the balance of the farm from Thomas L. Pearce Estate.

In Sept. 1956 Douglas + Marjorie Simpson bought the farm from John E. Pearce being the first owners outside the Pearce name of the farm since originally purchased from Colonel Talbot.

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## QUIZZ

1. Adelaide (Hunter) Hoodless was born in 1847, 1857, 1867, on a farm near Stoney Creek, Guelph, St. George.
2. She was one of 9, 11, 13, 15. children.
3. Following her marriage to John Hoodless, a furniture dealer, she went to live in Hamilton, Guelph, Brantford.
4. She had 2, 4, 6, children.
5. At the age of eighteen months her young son died as a result of flu, small pox, impure milk.
6. She devoted her life to teaching domestic science, educating mothers, working in the Y.W.C.A.
7. Her ideas were said by the Press to be interesting, practical, wild.
8. The first W.I. in the world was organized in Hamilton, St. George, Stoney Creek.
9. Mr. Erland Lee, having previously heard her speak, invited her to address a Farmers Institute Ladies night, a Presbyterian church gathering, an Experimental Union meeting.
10. By the year 1907, ten years after the first W.I. was formed, there were 200, 300, 400 branches with 51,234, 71,154, 84,261 members.