of the lot. He married Sarah McIntyre and they had a family of 6.

On Henry Killin's death in 1945, his son Duncan got the farm.

This fall he sold part of it to his nephew Donald McLellan.

LOT 10 CONCESSION 1 ad aroyavana blo saont to amos tadw taut refigor bloom

On April 8, 1758 this lot was part of the Elizabeth Carey estate.

On September 4, 1798, Hon. D.W.Smith got Lot 10 and other lands. In the years following it was owned by a number of people until 28th of Sept. 1872 John Muntly bought the W1, and on 20th May 1884 Alexander McBride bought the east half of Lot 10. In 1895 Alexander McBride sold it to Matthew Campbell. On this piece of land there is, what is known, as the "Little Flats." Around 50 and 60 years ago people came with Indian-made baskets of all shapes and sizes to gather elderberries. Snow-drop bushes are now over-running these flats. This land is now owned by Peter M. Campbell, oldest son of Matthew Campbell.

and those along Back and Front Streets are 80 rods wilsong Streets are 10 rods wilsong Streets are 10 rods wilsong Streets and the best long.

On 3rd July 1829 this lot was sold to a James Field. He died and his heirs did not claim estate and possession went back to the Canada Crown Company from whom he bought it. It was sold to Rev. Peter Jones by the Company on Jan. 13th, 1848. In this sale free access to shore was reserved. (Shore of river). In the next 10 years arah Rawlings (who seemed to be some relation to James Field) and her husband seemed to be mixed up over sale of this land.

On 2nd March 1857, Peter Jones sold to Philip Spohn. Lot 11 is here said to have 99 acres. It is here mentioned of lots 9 and 11 falling short in number acres, so I decided Jones also sold Lot 9 at this time as Peter Jones owned and sold 700 acres to Philip Spohn along the river.

It might be of interest to those who know the lay of the land and river that a small part of Lot 10 lay beyond the clay banks between what we always think of as the Robert Annett place (which is now owned part by Duncan Killins and part by Donaldsons) and the river. The story is told that one of the township councillors wore out 3 pair of shoes tramping through the woods trying to find the surveyor's marks in that area, so the land could be taxed.

On 3rd Nov. 1858, Philip Spohn gave Lot 11 to Henry Spohn and Jacob V. Spohn in trust for his daughter, Lena J. Huntly. She held this until Sept. 28, 1899 when she applied for, and received release from deed of trust and shortly afterwards sold the farm to her son H.F. Huntly who lived on it until the fall of 1900. He rented it to various people until the spring of 1921 when he sold Lot 11 and Ward of Lot 10 to F.H. Miller, the present owner. This lot and a half has only about 130 acres in it where if the river didn't cut it off it would have 300. Lena J. and John Huntly had a family of eight children.

The first I can find out of this land was that I deal of

Hev. Peter Jones (who was an Indian) and sold to Philip Spolurin 1857, Later it was owned by McLeans, who sold to a Mr. Kearns, who sold 80 scree to Henry Killins. Later Mr. Killins bought the rest

LOT 12 CONCESSION 1

William Irvine bought this land from the Crown. He was twice married and had a family by each wife. One son was a doctor and went out to Omaha to practice. His wife was Resella Lynn.

There were two sons at home, Frank and William. The father gave Frank 50 acres on the east side of the Lot and kept the rest for himself and William. Later William sold 25 acres to Frank. About 1889 Frank sold his farm to Matthew Campbell.

For the first barn built on this farm, and on the N ½ of Lot 12 Concession 2, then owned by Isaac Crosson, Frank Irvine and Isaac Crosson went to London, bought lumber and what was needed for the barns, fastened it into rafts and floated it down the river from London to the back of the Irvine place, thereby saving the teaming from London.

These barns are still in use on each farm to-day. Matthew Campbell, after buying the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12, built another barn and a brick house. Around 1917 Matthew Campbell and his wife moved to Iona Station, where he died at the age of 87. His wife was younger but she lived until she was 81. In 1920 M.C. passed the farm on to his oldest son Peter M. the present owner.

tegarding W & of Lot 10, Mrs. Howe prepared th

The W $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12 William Irvine held until his death, leaving it to his wife. They had no family, except an adopted son, who died in the west as a young man.

At Mrs. Irvine's death, Biddle Bros. bought it from the estate, sold the house to Mr. Basil Daugherty, and the barns to Duncan Killins. Between Lots 12 and 13 a side road runs, but when they came to Concession 1, it would go almost down the bed of the creek, so it was closed here and moved over to half-way across lot 13, Con.1.

LOT 13 CONCESSION I oM . M mlosism to should edit bessed ment il edit no estat poly saw a log house on the . It was bought by James hochester Sr. There was a log house by James hochester Sr.

The first I could bearn of E of Lot 13 was that John Miller, eldest son of Henry Miller, partially cleared it then traded it to his brother Robert, and an Oliver Smith for a team of horses, a plow and one other thing. They sold it to Alex. Mc ntyre, father of Archie McIntyre, who sold it to Edward Halpin about 1894. On Edward Halpin's death he left the N. 75 acres to his nephew, Michael Halpin, the present owner, and the S. 25 acres to another nephew, Edward Halpin, who sold it to Cecil Miller, present owner.

The W. $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 13 was bought from the Crown by three Smith brother; Oliver, Jim, and Tom. Oliver had the corner cut off by the railroad, which since has become part of the Crosson farm, Lot 14. Jim and Tom sold their part to A.P.Campbell. While he owned it, it was rented to George Carroll, and A.P.Campbell's brothers.

In 1925 John M. Campbell, a cousin of A.P. Campbell, bought the farm. He lived there a few years and sold it to Neil Walker, the present owner.

dome L.I., a vetera

morning, three days after the tragedy, there was a continuous procession of care was the scene of the creat from extraction and until days and triendslawed already by the spot. Only colleged tracking of the victims came and viewed the

LOT 9 CONCESSION 2

The N. ½ was first owned by Alexander Campbell (Little Sandy) who was a brother of Mrs. Dugald Turner. His wife was Mary Jane McIntyre. He sold it to a man named Allen who owned it for a number of years, renting it to various people. It was sold to James Branton, who kept it until his death. It was bought by Robert Cranston from the Branton estate and atter sold to John Turner, the present owner.

Hugh Opporne was the first owner of the $S\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 9 and the $E\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 10. He sold 50 acres $E\frac{1}{2}$ of $S\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 9 to Samuel Lynn, who sold it to Henry Killins and since that time it has changed hands so many times I gave up. It is now owned by Ernest Hutchings. It was James Lawrence (a son of the one mentioned) who was the only man to serve overseas from this part of our section in World War 1.

In regard to W 1 of S 2 of Lot 9, and E 2 of Lot 10, Hugh Osborne lived on it for some time, selling it to William Meek. At one time, a Mr. Roberts lived in the house on the place. William Meek gave it to his son, Robert, who built a large brick house and a large barn on the place. He married Mary McDougal. No family survived, and at Mr. Meek's death in 1936, the farm was sold to William Coutts, the present owner.

Regarding W 1 of Lot 10, Mrs. Howe prepared the following for me. I would like to add just a little more to it. A Neil McLean lived on that farm in 1855 and there were deaf mutes in the family. When Mr. Howe bought the farm there was an excellent sugar bush on it and at the north end a large swamp where the neighbor children learned to skate.

The first record that we have of this place, W $\frac{1}{2}$ Lot 10, Concession 2, Southwold was in 1870 when it was sold by Colin Munro to John MacLean December 10, 1870.

sold the house to Mr. Basil Daugherty, and the barner

It then passed into the hands of Malcolm A. McIntyre. In 1884 it was bought by James Rochester Sr. There was a log house on the premises and Mr. Rochester erected a new barn. The family consisted of three girls and three boys.

It was in the hands of the Rochester family until 1894 when it was purchased by Oliver Howe and held until his death in 1925, when it passed to his son Thompson, who is the present owner. Oliver Howe enlarged the barn and built a new house. The silo was built by Thompson Howe.

In 1941 a tragic incident happened which we feel should be recorded in the history of this farm. On October 30th, about 10.05 P.M. a big U.S. Airliner crashed in the field North of the 2nd Concession (about 175 ft, and 150 ft. east of the lane) killing it's seventeen passengers and crew of three. It was enroute from New York to Detroit. Capt. David I. Cooper of Plandome L.I., a veteran of the Commercial Airways was at the controls. The co-pilot was Richard L. Owen of New York City. The stewardess was Mary E. Blackley of Hamlet, N.C.

Great numbers came to see the wreckage. On the following Sunday morning, three days after the tragedy, there was a continuous procession of cars past the scene of the crash from early morning until dark. Many relatives and friends have called to see the spot. Only last summer, a brother of one of the victims came and viewed the

scene of the accident and talked with us. We have a basket filled with peices gathered from the wreck, which tell something of the awful crash The cause of this terrible tragedy remains unknown.

Since then, if we have wished to make known the location of our farm, we need only to say "It was the scene of the crash of the American Airways Luxury Liner."

LOT. 11 CONCESSION 22 M to reads there are the reads to read t

The N 1/2 of Lot 11 was first owned by a man named Ulman. When his daughter married in 1803, he wanted her to come with her husband from Niagara-on-the-lake and settle here but she preferred the bright lights so went to Lewiston N.Y. During the Civil War in the States her husband disappeared and was never heard of again, so she moved back to Niagara-on-the-lake with her family. Later in 1854 her son Henry Miller moved with his family, the family of a sister that had died, also the husband. He lived here as long as he lived, dying at the age 87. The farm passed on to his youngest son William on whose death his son F.H. Miller was given the farm and still lives there. I might mention here that as far as I know the only log buildings left in the section we one on this farm and one on P.M. Campbell's farm.

The S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 11 was, as far as I know, first owned by Duncan Campbell. At his death it went to his two sons John and Lorne. He also owned the N $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12. The story was told me that the N $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12 Concession 2 was sold by Isaac Crosson to Alexander Campbell (Big Sandy) who sold oak trees off of it for more than enough to pay for the place, then sold the land to Duncan Campbell for more than he gave for it. These two Campbell men were no relation to each other. The house on S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12 was built in the south corner of the farm, where there is still a well, and at one time store was kept in the house.

About 1904 or 1905, Lorne sold his half of the farm to Charles (Manie) Annett, which was the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 11, and N $\frac{1}{4}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12. Later he bought the W $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 11 from Elgin Biddle. Charles Annett lived here until his death, and the farm is still in the family. John Campbell's share of his father's estate was W $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 11 and the S $\frac{1}{2}$ OF N $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12.

Years ago an Abraham Crosson came into the settlement and took up a 200 acre lot for three of his sons. Lot 12 Concession 2 was given to Isaac. Lot 13 Concession 2 was given to Samuel and Lot 14 Concession 1 went to David, which while not in our section, is of interest to us in that David Crosson was the father of Mrs. A.D. Turner, one of our most valuable members for many years. Reba Crosson is a great grand-daughter of Abraham Crosson.

Back to Lot 12. Isaac Crosson built a barn (lumber floated down river from London) and a small house. The story was told me that he got out enough extra long logs to build a large house, but that the girl went back on him and the logs lay and rotted.

Isaac Crosson sold the N $\frac{1}{2}$ to John Miller, eldest son of Henry Miller, who built a house and another barn on the farm. At his death

in 1912 the farm was left to his wife and youngest son Fred W. Miller. His wife died in 1921 at the age of 93. F.W. Miller is still living, when his son C.F. Miller manages the farm.

The S $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 12 was sold to Wm. Lawrence, and the story of Lawrence is the story of the E $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$. The W $\frac{1}{2}$ of S $\frac{1}{2}$ of the S $\frac{1}{2}$ of lot 12, was as I said, sold to William Lawrence. His son James Lawrence had possession of this part and sold it to John Killins, father of Henry Killins; grandfather of Mrs. R.N. McLellan. John Killins left this land to his daughters, and Mary, who married John Campbell, bought her sister's shares of property. Mr. and Mrs. Campbell both died early in life and shortly after the farm was sold to Elgin Biddle.

Lot 13 Concession 2 was given to Samuel Crosson by his father. The S \(\frac{1}{2}\) was sold to Daniel McLachlin. He was killed not long after, while trying to put a yoke on an oxen, and his son Neil, of auctionneer fame, worked the farm for some years. He left the farm and moved to StThomas about 1904, renting the farm to James Matthews for three years. He then sold it to A.J. McAlpine, his brother-in-law, and who lived there until he sold it to Brown and Ferguson.

The E $\frac{1}{2}$ of the N $\frac{1}{2}$ of Lot 13 was bought from Samuel Crosson by Robert Miller, second son of Henry Miller about 1879. He lived there until his death in 1920 at the age of 83. His wife, Francis Ibbitson died in 1908.

The W 1/2 of N 1/2 of Lot 13 was bought by Peter Campbell (father of Pat and Pete) and is now part of the farm owned by McNaughtons. Mr. Matthew McNaughton is a grandson of Peter Campbell.

In Concession 2 the S of Lot 14 belongs to our section.
This land was bought by Archie McIntyre from the Crown and he cleared the land. A few days before his death he sold it to Dougald Turner, at whose death it went to his son Neil. After his death it was sold to Dougald Leitch, the present owner. This farm was known as Fairview farm.

The first Church to be built in the School Section was a wesleyan Methodist and the first minister was Rev. Mr. German who came from the Mount Elgin Institute.

Mr. John Ibbitson (grandfather to Mrs. George Branton) and Mrs. Henry Miller, were appointed in 1865 to collect donations toward the building of the church. We have the list of the donations. There was one cash donation of \$20.00 by John Huntly, but most were of \$1.00. Of course there were some \$10.00, \$5.00, and \$4.00,\$3.00, \$2.00 and some .50%. Mr. William Irvine donated the land on the south corner of Lot 12 up on top of the hill between the two ravines. Mr. Frank Irvine gave the lumber for the floor. The siding for the church was drawn by teams from Richmond, which is in Bayham. The church was built in 1867-68. In 1885 the people felt the need of a bigger and better church and the present church was built on land donated by Mr. John Killins.

Issac Crosson sold the N to John Miller, eldest son of Henry Willer, who built a house and another barn on the farm. At his death

The Turner farm was bought by Mr. Dougald Campbell, father of Mrs. Turner, from a widow lady Mrs. Casey. Later it was resold to Mr. and Mrs. Dougald Turner, who cleared the farm and lived on for many years until he bought the McIntyre farm across the road.

Mr. and Mrs. Turner were both born in Scotland of Scotish parents.

Mr. Turner was born in Port Talbot, Scotland and came to Canada with his parents, when he was twelve years old, the family settling in Southwold. Mrs. Turner was born in Craignish Castle on the Marquis of Lorne's Estate, Scotland, and left Scotland when only two weeks old with her parents and three older brothers. They settled in Southwold about two miles from Southwold Station, on what is now Dougald Campbell's place, Lot 4 Concession 1.

The Turner farm was deeded to the eldest son, Peter D. Turner and at his death to his sister Bella, who sold to the present owner.

Mr. Archie McIntyre bought his farm from the Government, settled and cleared the farm and just a few days before his death sold it to Dougaid Turner, at who's death it went to his son Neil Turner. Since his death it has been sold to Doug. Leitch. This farm was named Fair View.

Lugh Oshurn - Oronon

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Mr. H. Asburn was

Referred meek.